CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5369

63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate April 23, 2013 YEAS 47 NAYS 1	CERTIFICATE I, Hunter G. Goodman, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that
Passed by the House April 15, 2013 YEAS 95 NAYS 0	the dates hereon set forth.
Speaker of the House of Representatives	Secretary
Approved	FILED
	Secretary of State
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary State of W

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5369

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2013 Regular Session

State of Washington 63rd

63rd Legislature

2013 Regular Session

By Senate Energy, Environment & Telecommunications (originally sponsored by Senators Kline, King, Honeyford, and Mullet)

READ FIRST TIME 02/22/13.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the use of geothermal resources; amending RCW
- 2 78.60.030, 78.60.040, and 78.60.060; adding a new chapter to Title 43
- 3 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 43.140.010, 43.140.020,
- 4 43.140.030, 43.140.040, 43.140.050, 43.140.060, and 43.140.900.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that:
- 7 (1) Because related geothermal resources may be present on
- 8 contiguous private, state, and federal lands within the state, there is
- 9 a need to provide greater conformity with the state's geothermal
- 10 resources statutes and the federal statutes defining geothermal
- 11 resources and clarify that ownership of geothermal resources resides
- 12 with the surface owner unless the interest is otherwise reserved or
- 13 conveyed.
- 14 (2) It is in the public interest to encourage and foster the
- 15 development of geothermal resources in the state, and the legislature
- 16 intends to align the state statutes defining geothermal resources with
- 17 current federal law with which developers are familiar, and clarify the
- 18 respective regulatory roles of state agencies.

- (3) Geothermal resources suitable for energy development are located at much greater depths than the aquifers relied upon for other beneficial uses, but in the event that a geothermal well draws from the same source as other uses, a coordinated and streamlined permitting of geothermal development can better ensure that any interference with existing water uses will be addressed and eliminated. It is the intent of this act that no water uses associated with a geothermal well impair any water use authorized through appropriation under Title 90 RCW.
- (4) Changes to federal law in 2005 require a distribution of a portion of geothermal energy revenues from leases on federal land directly to the county in which the lease activity occurs, and therefore it is appropriate that the additional distribution to the state be provided for statewide uses relating to geothermal energy assessment, exploration, and production.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 78.60.030 and 1974 ex.s. c 43 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
 - ((For the purposes of this chapter, unless the text otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the following meanings:)) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (1)(a) "Geothermal resources" ((means only that natural heat energy of the earth from which it is technologically practical to produce electricity commercially and the medium by which such heat energy is extracted from the earth, including liquids or gases, as well as any minerals contained in any natural or injected fluids, brines and associated gas, but excluding oil, hydrocarbon gas and other hydrocarbon substances)) includes the natural heat of the earth, the energy, in whatever form, below the surface of the earth present in, resulting from, or created by, or that may be extracted from, the natural heat, and all minerals in solution or other products obtained from naturally heated fluids, brines, associated gases and steam, in whatever form, found below the surface of the earth, exclusive of helium or oil, hydrocarbon gas or other hydrocarbon substances, but including, specifically:
- (i) All products of geothermal processes, including indigenous
 steam, and hot water and hot brines;

- 1 (ii) Steam and other bases, hot water and hot brines resulting from
 2 water, gas, or other fluids artificially introduced into geothermal
 3 formations;
 - (iii) Heat or other associated energy found in geothermal formations; and
 - (iv) Any by-product derived from them.

- (b) "Geothermal resources" does not include heat energy used in ground source heat exchange systems for ground source heat pumps.
- (2) "Waste", in addition to its ordinary meaning, shall mean "physical waste" as that term is generally understood and shall include:
- (a) The inefficient, excessive, or improper use of, or unnecessary dissipation of, reservoir energy; or the locating, spacing, drilling, equipping, operating or producing of any geothermal energy well in a manner which results, or tends to result, in reducing the quantity of geothermal energy to be recovered from any geothermal area in this state;
- (b) The inefficient above-ground transporting or storage of geothermal energy; or the locating, spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or producing of any geothermal well in a manner causing, or tending to cause, unnecessary excessive surface loss or destruction of geothermal energy;
- (c) The escape into the open air, from a well of steam or hot water, in excess of what is reasonably necessary in the efficient development or production of a geothermal well.
- (3) "Geothermal area" means any land that is, or reasonably appears to be, underlain by geothermal resources.
- (4) "Energy transfer system" means the structures and enclosed fluids which facilitate the utilization of geothermal energy. The system includes the geothermal wells, cooling towers, reinjection wells, equipment directly involved in converting the heat energy associated with geothermal resources to mechanical or electrical energy or in transferring it to another fluid, the closed piping between such equipment, wells and towers and that portion of the earth which facilitates the transfer of a fluid from reinjection wells to geothermal wells: PROVIDED, That the system shall not include any geothermal resources which have escaped into or have been released into the nongeothermal ground or surface waters from either man-made

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- containers or through leaks in the structure of the earth caused by or which access was made possible by any drilling, redrilling, reworking or operating of a geothermal or reinjection well.
 - (5) "Operator" means the person supervising or in control of the operation of a geothermal resource well, whether or not such person is the owner of the well.
 - (6) "Owner" means the person who possesses the legal right to drill, convert or operate any well or other facility subject to the provisions of this chapter.
 - (7) "Person" means any individual, corporation, company, association of individuals, joint venture, partnership, receiver, trustee, guardian, executor, administrator, personal representative, or public agency that is the subject of legal rights and duties.
 - (8) "Pollution" means any damage or injury to ground or surface waters, soil or air resulting from the unauthorized loss, escape, or disposal of any substances at any well subject to the provisions of this chapter.
 - (9) "Department" means the department of natural resources.
 - (10) "Well" means any excavation made for the discovery or production of geothermal resources, or any special facility, converted producing facility, or reactivated or converted abandoned facility used for the reinjection of geothermal resources, or the residue thereof underground.
 - (11) "Core holes" are holes drilled or excavations made expressly for the acquisition of geological or geophysical data for the purpose of finding and delineating a favorable geothermal area prior to the drilling of a well.
 - (12) A "completed well" is a well that has been drilled to its total depth, has been adequately cased, and is ready to be either plugged and abandoned, shut-in, or put into production.
 - (13) "Plug and abandon" means to place permanent plugs in the well in such a way and at such intervals as are necessary to prevent future leakage of fluid from the well to the surface or from one zone in the well to the other, and to remove all drilling and production equipment from the site, and to restore the surface of the site to its natural condition or contour or to such condition as may be prescribed by the department.

1 (14) "Shut-in" means to adequately cap or seal a well to control 2 the contained geothermal resources for an interim period.

- (15) "By-product" means any mineral or minerals, not including oil, hydrocarbon gas, or helium, which are found in solution or in association with geothermal steam and that have a value of less than seventy-five percent of the value of the geothermal resource or are not, because of quantity, quality, or technical difficulties in extraction and production, of sufficient value to warrant extraction and production by themselves.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 78.60.040 and 1979 ex.s. c 2 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, geothermal resources are found and hereby determined to be sui generis, being neither a mineral resource nor a water resource and as such are ((hereby)) declared to be the private property of the holder of the title to the surface land above the resource, unless the geothermal resources have been otherwise reserved by or conveyed to another person or entity. Nothing in this section divests the people of the state of any rights, title, or interest in geothermal resources owned by the state.

- **Sec. 4.** RCW 78.60.060 and 2003 c 39 s 40 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
 - (1) This chapter is intended to preempt local regulation of the drilling and operation of wells for geothermal resources but shall not be construed to permit the locating of any well or drilling when such well or drilling is prohibited under state or local land use law or regulations promulgated thereunder. Geothermal resources, by-products ((and/or)), or waste products which have escaped or been released from the energy transfer system ((and/or)) or a mineral recovery process shall be subject to provisions of state law relating to the pollution of ground or surface waters (Title 90 RCW), provisions of the state fisheries law and the state game laws (Title 77 RCW), and any other state environmental pollution control laws.
 - (2) Authorization for ((use of by-product water resources for all beneficial uses)) a consumptive or nonconsumptive use of water associated with a geothermal well, for purposes including but not limited to power production, greenhouse heating, warm water fish

- propagation, space heating plants, irrigation, swimming pools, and hot springs baths, shall be subject to the appropriation procedure as provided in Title 90 RCW, except for the following:
 - (a) Water that is removed from an aquifer or geothermal reservoir to develop and obtain geothermal resources if the water is returned to or reinjected into the same aquifer or reservoir; or
 - (b) The reasonable loss of water:

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- (i) During a test of a geothermal well; or
- 9 <u>(ii) From the temporary failure of all or part of a system that</u>
 10 <u>removes water from an aquifer or geothermal reservoir, transfers the</u>
 11 <u>heat from that water, and reinjects that water into the same aquifer or</u>
 12 reservoir.
- 13 (3) The department and the department of ecology shall cooperate to
 14 avoid duplication and to promote efficiency in issuing permits and
 15 other approvals for these uses.
- 16 <u>(4) Nothing in this act shall affect or operate to impair any</u> 17 existing water rights.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The purpose of this chapter is to provide for the allocation of revenues distributed to the state under section 35 of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920, as amended (30 U.S.C. Sec. 191), with respect to activities of the United States bureau of land management undertaken pursuant to the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 et seq.) in order to accomplish the following general
- 25 (1) Reduction of dependence on nonrenewable energy and stimulation 26 of the state's economy through development of geothermal energy.
- 27 (2) Mitigation of the social, economic, and environmental impacts 28 of geothermal development.
- 29 (3) Maintenance of the productivity of renewable resources through 30 the investment of proceeds from these resources.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) There is created the geothermal account in the state treasury. All expenditures from this account are subject to appropriation and chapter 43.88 RCW.
- 34 (2) All revenues received by the state treasurer under section 35 35 of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920, as amended (30 U.S.C. Sec. 36 191), with respect to activities of the United States bureau of land

objectives:

- 1 management undertaken pursuant to the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970 (30
- 2 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 et seq.) shall be deposited in the geothermal account
- 3 in the state treasury immediately upon receipt.
- 4 (3) Expenditures from the account may only be used as provided in
- 5 section 7 of this act.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Distribution of funds from the geothermal
- 7 account created in section 6 of this act shall be subject to the
- 8 following limitations:
- 9 (1) Seventy percent to the department of natural resources for
- 10 geothermal exploration and assessment; and
- 11 (2) Thirty percent to Washington State University or its statutory
- 12 successor for the purpose of encouraging the development of geothermal
- 13 energy.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Sections 5 through 7 of this act constitute
- 15 a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** The following acts or parts of acts are each
- 17 repealed:
- 18 (1) RCW 43.140.010 (Purpose) and 1981 c 158 s 1;
- 19 (2) RCW 43.140.020 (Definitions) and 1981 c 158 s 2;
- 20 (3) RCW 43.140.030 (Geothermal account--Deposit of revenues) and
- 21 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 7, 1985 c 57 s 58, & 1981 c 158 s 3;
- 22 (4) RCW 43.140.040 (Geothermal account--Limitations on
- 23 distributions) and 1996 c 186 s 510 & 1981 c 158 s 4;
- 24 (5) RCW 43.140.050 (Distribution of funds to county of origin) and
- 25 1996 c 186 s 511, 1996 c 186 s 107, & 1981 c 158 s 5;
- 26 (6) RCW 43.140.060 (Appropriation for exploration and assessment of
- 27 geothermal energy--Reimbursement) and 1981 c 158 s 7; and
- 28 (7) RCW 43.140.900 (Termination of chapter) and 2001 c 215 s 1,
- 29 1991 c 76 s 1, & 1981 c 158 s 8.

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